

xm SERVICES AND PROFESSIONS
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At the Russian census of 1926 officials are put in one class with other technical and office personnel, which is justified in a nationalized economy by the comparatively small number of those employed in private undertakings. In 1926 the total number of Jewish employees was, in—

	Per cent.
The Ukraine	126,518 = 20-7 of all Jews
gainfully occupied.	
White Kussia	25,508 = 16-9 " " "
Moscow	35,338 = 50-1 " " "
Leningrad	17,413 = 40-1 " " "

The Jewish employees were distributed as follows:

Industry	26,709 (including
the nationalized	undertakings).
Trade and credit	61,736 " "
Public institutions (State and com- munal administration)	90,965
Other undertakings	25,367

The detailed classification of Jewish employees in the Ukraine (1926)^x shows the following distribution:

	Per cent.
Superior officials in public administration	9-7
Economic personnel	25-2
Technical "	4-5
Office "	21-5
Public health officials	0-2
Subordinate "	5-5
Clerks	7-7
Transport officials	0-2
Police "	0-8
Legal "	12-8
Medical and sanitary personnel	5 - 8
Educational officials	

Officials in art institutions	.	.
.	1 - 8	
Office servants	.	.
.	1 - 8	
Others.....		14
		100-0

¹ Koralrok in *Wirtschaft und Leben* (Berlin, February 1930), p. 65.